

# The Franklin Press

## LIVINGinMACON

B SECTION

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### KNOW YOUR COUNTY

Dial "4" on your rotary phone

**L**ooking through a copy of *The Franklin Press*, dated Sept. 5, 1957, was a shock to me. I remember 1957, so it shouldn't look so much like "history," should it?

Forty years ago, you could reach City Dry Cleaners by phoning "4" on your rotary dial. At that time, Franklin had been enjoying dial service for seven years.

Bill's was open for business on Main Street. The ADDP advertised two pounds of grapes for 29 cents.

There were three locally owned pharmacies — Angel's Drug Store, Perry's Drug Store and Carolina Pharmacy.

Franklin boasted the only "Indoor-Outdoor Theatre" in the Carolinas. (Its name was "Franklin Indoor-Outdoor Theatre") Butcher the Septemberween Zombie of Main St. and The Man Who Loved to Smoke. The town also had the Macon Theatre, which was strictly indoor. That week, it was playing *This Could Be the Night* and *Rock Pretty Baby*.

The Dixie Grill, located "beneath the Little Tennessee River at the Bridge" offered curb service and "the best food at the most reasonable price possible."

The Plymouth-Dodge-Chrysler dealer was Macon Motor Company. Bob Gaines Motors offered auto repairs and body work.

Crip Studio and Camera Shop provided "24-hour developing service on black and white."

The Bank of Franklin was urging people to open a checking account. "When you pay by check you have the most convenient and cheapest form of script than is."

Several familiar names were in operation: WFOC Radio, Jamison Jewelers and The Normandie are still with us. Those and the Thine Shop, Nantahala Lumber Company, Mason's Food Market ("Phone 9 — We Deliver") and People's Dept. Store had ads in this issue of the paper. People's gave Goss Stamp back then. You may be a old-timer if you remember him.

Jack Ragan and the Civil Air Patrol were planning to start a search and rescue squad here.

Macon County had a new school superintendent, H. Buck, who came from Murphy. The schools also had two new principals that

See Panthers on page 28



At left, Nick Pallotta demonstrates the art of live staking as Mark Meador, assistant professor of broadcasting at WCU, tapes the technique for a video. Live stakes are woody shrub cuttings that root quickly once planted in moist or wet soils along the banks of streams and lakes. Live stakes make a good source of plant materials for stabilizing banks and restoring shoreline vegetation. Below, during an earlier workshop, volunteers cleaned the Morrison House and removed some of the modern additions to reveal the original log structure. The house, which dates to the 1830s or earlier, is considered the oldest house in this part of Macon County.

Photo: Barbara McRae

### 'Live staking' means better health for streams

By Barbara McRae  
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grate, but stronger growth, Pallotta said.

To further encourage the stakes to prosper, paper (a petroleum-based product) is laid down to control competing plants, especially foxtail, blackberry and honeysuckle, then mulch is applied to help retain moisture.

Pallotta said he has learned from experience that early March is the best time to do live staking. The end of March marks the closing of the window for success with this technique.

By the time the workshop ended, volunteers had installed approximately 320 live stakes. The goal for the Lake Creek property is to eventually plant 1,500 live stakes and 100 trees and shrubs along the stream.

Last Saturday, a work crew gathered to focus attention on the creek. Ben Lauster, LTLT's restoration and monitoring coordinator, told volunteers the land trust plans to sell the property to a conservation buyer who will agree to preserve the house, acreage and stream, although agricultural production and forest management will be allowed.

"We want to make sure there is an intact riparian buffer," Lauster said. The work crew's job was to plant "live stakes" of silky dogwood, silky willow, elderberry and riverbank along the creek to help create that barrier.

These four plants work well because they are among a handful of species that produce a high quantity of rooting hormones, explained Nick Pallotta, a landscape specialist who led the hands-on portion of the program.

"In most cases, you can use plants on site, using shrubbery materials," he said. He demonstrated how to cut the shoots to a length of 18 to 24 inches, making the lower and with a diagonal cut and the upper end with a square cut to "keep track of which end is up."

These stakes can be kept in water for a couple of weeks. Pallotta said he adds pieces of willow to the water as an additional natural source of rooting hormones.

Because of the quantity needed on this project, the land trust purchased farm-produced stakes. Whatever the source, when planted, the stakes should be driven deep, with just six inches showing above ground.

"You don't want them to dry," Pallotta explained. "They will survive and take care of themselves if planted properly."

The idea is to encourage ample root growth to support the new buds. For greatest success, the wood should be in its second to fifth year of growth. Hardier wood produces less

Visit [www.ltlt.org/what-we-do](http://ltlt.org/what-we-do) and click on "Shade Your Stream" link under the "Water" heading to learn more and download the "Shade Your Stream" brochure.

#### Learning opportunities

The Lake Creek workshop had several purposes beyond getting the trees in the ground. Among the participants were landowners who welcomed the opportunity to master some of the theory and technique of stream restoration.

Birds like stream, Meador said, but they prefer to sit up in the trees alongside the water, not on a bare bank.

Another significant benefit to a riparian buffer which shrubs and trees provide, is the impact on water quality. Runoff washes pollutants into the stream, including fertilizer, which depletes oxygen levels in the water. Stream buffer reduces runoff and improves water quality downstream. Thus, improving the riparian buffer along Lake Creek benefits the Little Tennessee River into which the stream flows.

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service — Partners for Fish and Wildlife Program provided funding for the workshop and restoration project in part because of the downstream benefit.

"Restoration on tributaries provides habitat on-site and protects the river downstream," Meador said. That benefits the rare and endangered aquatic species that are found in the Little Tennessee River.

Some of the volunteers on hand Saturday were students with Western Carolina University's Natural Resource Conservation and Management Program, under Pete Bates.

Lagan Needham, a senior, said they were excited about the chance to put their academic training in soil and water conservation to work on the ground. The other students were Valerie Frances, Randy Reinde and Max Summers.



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